TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH
SCHOOL DISTRICT
COUNTY OF TULARE
TULARE, CALIFORNIA
AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants Visalia, CA 93277



Tulare Joint Union High School District Audit Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

This section of Tulare Joint Union High School District's (the District's) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Tulare Joint Union High School District (the District) using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

District-Wide Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to those used by private-sector companies. They provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including infrastructure), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The District-wide statements report the District's net position and how it may have changed. Net position - assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities would normally be divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District's school farm and dairy activities are included here. In addition, any fees the District may charge to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides that do not constitute major reportable activities would be reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. They focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements (which reports on the District as a whole).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like construction projects) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds— These statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. They tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information following the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds— Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. They offer short and long-term financial information about the activity the District operates like a business.
 - Our District utilizes enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund), which are the same as business-type activities. The District currently has one enterprise fund the School Farm Fund. We also use internal service funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has three internal service funds the Warehouse Revolving Fund, the Self-Insurance Property/Liability Fund, and the Self-Insurance Health and Welfare Fund.
- Fiduciary funds— The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The District currently has one fiduciary (agency) fund, the Tulare Area Schools Health JPA Fund (Warrant/Passthrough Fund). The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used only for their intended purpose and only by those to whom the assets belong. The District's fiduciary activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position, which does not have a measurement focus. We exclude the activity from the District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information of the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Management's Basic Discussion Required Financial Supplementary Analysis Information Statements District-Notes Fund Wide to the Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements SUMMARY **DETAIL**

Figure A-1. Organization of Tulare Joint Union High School District's Annual Financial Report

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the District-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

- The District's financial status remained strong. Total net position was \$27.4 million at June 30, 2022.
- Overall revenues were \$107.45 million, an increase of 2.28% from the prior year. Revenues for the current year were \$10.8 million more than basic expenses.
- The total cost of basic expenses increased 9.8% in the current year, when compared to prior year's expenses. This is compared to no increase in basic expenses occurring last year.
- Enrollment increased this year following an increase in the prior year. Enrollment, based on CalPADS, was 64 students higher this year than last.
- Growth in the City of Tulare, which affects the District, has continued to slow. Our revenues from Developer Fee Funds have decreased by 7% in the current year, after increasing by 50% the year before. Property tax revenues have increased by 5%. These, however, do not increase our overall revenue, but rather decrease our State aid in a proportional amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in it. Net position – assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses represent the District's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools is an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we report both the District's governmental activities and the District's business-type activities. All of the District's services are reported in these categories, and include the education of ninth through twelfth grade students, adult education students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, as well as Federal, State and local grants, finance these activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

A more detailed analysis of the District's net position and changes in net position follows:

Net position. The District's combined net position for June 30, 2022 was \$27.59 million compared to the net position at June 30, 2021, which was \$17.03 million. Of this amount, \$30.64 million was restricted compared to \$21.96 million in the prior year. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

Net Position						
			Total			Total
			Percentage	Busine	ss-Type	Percentage
Amounts in millions		ital Activities	Change		vities	Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021	2022	2021	2022-2021
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 70.93	\$ 59.90	18.41%	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.08	125.00%
Capital Assets	86.67	89.37	-3.02%	0.07	0.30	-76.67%
Total Assets	157.60	149.27	5.58%	0.25	0.38	-34.21%
Deferred Outflows of Resource	es:					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-					
Pensions	20.67	22.93	-9.86%	-	-	0.00%
OPEB	1.47	1.70	-13.53%			0.00%
Total Deferred Outflows	22.14	24.63	-10.11%	-		0.00%
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	13.89	9.05	53.48%	0.06	0.02	200.00%
Net Pension Liability	43.47	80.91	-46.28%	-	-	0.00%
Total Other Postemployment Ber	nefit					
Liability	14.94	16.17	-7.61%	-	-	0.00%
Long-Term Liabilities	43.71	46.55	-6.10%	-	-	0.00%
Total Liabilities	116.01	152.68	-24.02%	0.06	0.02	200.00%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred Inflows of Resources -						
Pensions	32.44	2.02	1505.94%	-	-	0.00%
OPEB	3.87	2.53	52.96%	-	-	0.00%
Total Deferred Inflows	36.31	4.55	698.02%			0.00%
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
net of Related Debt	71.47	72.16	-0.96%	0.07	0.31	-77.42%
Restricted	30.64	21.96	39.53%	-	-	0.00%
Unrestricted	(74.71)	(77.46)	-3.55%	0.12	0.06	100.00%
Total Net Position	\$ 27.40	\$ 16.66	64.47%	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.37	-48.65%

The (\$74.71) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The amount of (\$74.71) million is a lower deficit this year compared to (\$77.46) million last year.

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues for governmental activities were \$117.85 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (See Table 2). Property taxes and State aid accounted for most of the District's revenue, with both contributing about 63 cents of every dollar raised (See Figure 3). Another 1% came from State and Federal aid for specific programs, and the remainder from fees charged for services and miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$96.65 million. The majority of the District's expenses, 54%, relate to educating students (See Figure 4). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for 16% of total costs. Expenses occurred according to final budgeted expectations, and revenues came in as anticipated, creating a surplus of \$10.74 million.

The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$5 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$1 million) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$25.6 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$15.8 million in taxes, \$74.4 million in state funds, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

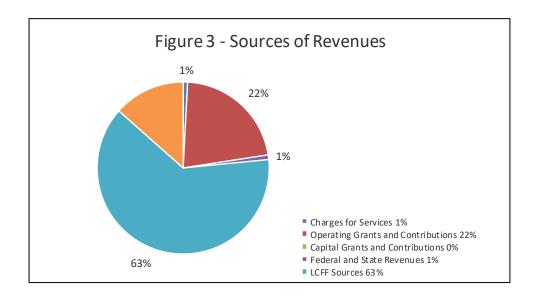
Table 2

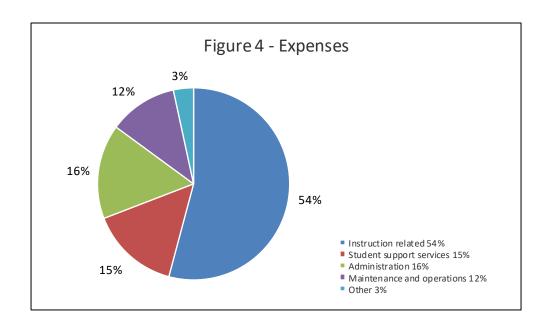
Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position										
					Total	Total				Total
					Percentage		Busines	ss-Ty	pe	Percentage
Amounts in millions	Gove	ernment	tal A	ctivities	Change		Activ	vities	_	Change
	2022			2021	2022-2021		2022	2	2021	2022-2021
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	0.98	\$	0.98	0.00%	\$	0.63	\$	0.52	21.15%
Operating grants and contributions		25.61		29.39	-12.86%		0.02		0.03	-33.33%
Capital grants and contributions		-		2.00	-100.00%		_		-	0.00%
General revenues:										
LCFF Sources		74.40		65.04	14.39%		-		-	0.00%
Federal and State revenues		1.02		1.02	0.00%		-		-	0.00%
Local revenues		5.44		6.62	-17.82%		0.02		0.05	-60.00%
Loss on disposal of assets		-		-	0.00%		(0.20)		(0.09)	122.22%
Total Revenues	1	07.45		105.05	2.28%		0.47		0.51	-7.84%
Expenses:										
Instruction and instruction related		57.97		62.45	-7.17%		_		_	0.00%
Student support services		16.06		14.21	13.02%		-		-	0.00%
Administration		6.63		6.67	-0.60%		-		-	0.00%
Plant services		12.36		10.67	15.84%		-		-	0.00%
Other		3.63		3.47	4.61%		0.71		0.53	33.96%
Total Expenses		96.65		97.47	-0.84%		0.71		0.53	33.96%
Excess (Deficiency)		10.80		7.58	42.48%		(0.24)		(0.02)	1100.00%
Transfers		(0.06)		(0.02)	200.00%		0.06		0.02	200.00%
Changes in Net Position	\$	10.74	\$	7.56	42.06%	\$	(0.18)	\$	0.00	100.00%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

The District originally projected a surplus of \$2.7 million (see Budgetary Comparison Statement Schedule for the General Fund). The General Fund revenues were \$11.3 million more than originally expected and expenditures and transfers out were \$12.2 million more than projected. This resulted in a deficit of \$1.2 million by year end.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

These statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement. We have reported our three major governmental funds separately (the General Fund, the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund #1), and all other funds combined (Non-major Funds) on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost of each of the District's largest functions - regular program instruction and instruction related activities (supervision, library and media, and site administration), student support services, plant services, and other general administration, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Table 3

					Total			Total
					Percentage			Percentage
Amounts in millions	Total Cost of Services			Change	Net Cost o	Change		
		2022		2021	2022-2021	2022	2021	2022-2021
Instruction	\$	57.97	\$	62.45	-7.17%	\$ (39.07)	\$ (36.74)	6.34%
Pupil Services		16.06		14.21	13.02%	(10.88)	(10.14)	7.30%
General Administration		6.63		6.67	-0.60%	(5.71)	(5.81)	-1.72%
Plant Services		12.36		10.67	15.84%	(11.25)	(10.22)	10.08%
Other		3.63		3.47	4.61%	(3.16)	(2.18)	44.95%
TOTAL	\$	96.65	\$	97.47	-0.84%	\$ (70.07)	\$ (65.09)	7.65%

Proprietary funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the **Statement of Net Position** and the **Statement of Revenues**, **Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position**. The District's school farm is an enterprise fund (which is the same as the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements). We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's self-insurance fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$53.6 million, which is an increase of \$6.1 million from last year.

The primary reasons for this increase are:

- a. The General Fund decreased by \$1.3 million due to increased expenditures.
- b. The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay increased by \$5.7 million due to transfers from the General Fund.
- c. The Other Governmental Funds increased by \$2 million due to better than expected meal reimbursements in the Cafeteria Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was approved on September 15, 2022. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 53. There were a number of areas where the District experienced significant variances between the original budget and the final budget: LCFF Sources, Federal Revenues, Other State Revenues, Certificated Salaries, Classified Salaries, Employee Benefits, Books and Supplies, Services and Other Operating Expenditures, Direct Support/Indirect Costs and Capital Outlay. LCFF Sources budget increased due to better than expected cost-of-living adjustment and increased ADA.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSET & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had invested \$161.98 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase of \$1.44 million from last year. Table 4 shows these amounts net of accumulated depreciation.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of depreciation)

Table 4

					Total				Total
		Govern	ment	al	Percentage	Busine	ss-Ty	ре	Percentage
Amounts in millions	Activities				Change	Activ	vities		Change
		2022		2021	2022-2021	2022		2021	2022-2021
Land	\$	6.09	\$	6.09	0.00%	\$ -	\$	-	0.00%
Buildings and improvements		76.63		80.08	-4.31%	0.02		0.03	-33.33%
Equipment		3.09		3.15	-1.90%	0.04		0.04	0.00%
Work in Progress		0.87		0.05	1640.00%	-		-	0.00%
Livestock		-		-	0.00%	0.01		0.23	-95.65%
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	86.68	\$	89.37	-3.01%	\$ 0.07	\$	0.30	-76.67%
			_				_		

The desires of the Board of Trustees will dictate the timing on any future capital additions. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the year, the District had \$43.7 million in long-term debt outstanding versus \$46.6 million last year, a decrease of 6.1%. Total long-term debt is detailed in Table 5:

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

Table 5

Amounts in millions	 Govern Acti	ment vities		Total Percentage Change	Busine Act	Total Percentage Change		
	2022		2021	2022-2021	2022	2	2021	2022-2021
General obligation bonds Financed purchases	\$ 43.28	\$	46.12 0.02	-6.16% -100.00%	\$ -	\$	-	- -
Compensated absences Totals	\$ 0.43 43.71	\$	0.42 46.56	2.38% -6.12%	\$ -	\$	-	- - -

We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 7 of the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

In considering the District budget for the 2022-2023 year, the District Board and management faced many challenges.

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) will continue to be the funding mechanism for schools.
- 2. The percentage of unduplicated eligible students will remain at the same level as 2021-22.
- 3. As of the date of the financial statements, the District has experienced enrollment decline of 33 students when compared to 2021-22.
- 4. Interest earnings will decrease due to declining budgeted deficit spending.

The financial status of the State of California continues to affect our expectations of future funding. Each year, the state calculates a "minimum guarantee" for school funding based upon a set of formulas established by Proposition 98 (1988). Our District remains committed to providing educational opportunities for all our students and will continue to take a conservative approach to financial planning.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grades nine through twelve	25:1	5,733

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Chief Business Officer, at Tulare Joint Union High School District, 426 North Blackstone, Tulare, California, 93274, or e-mail at vivian.hamilton@tulare.k12.ca.us.



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M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP

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Independent Auditors' Report

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DAVID A. BEKEDAM, CPA

TYLER J. CODAY, CPA

MANNY GONZALEZ, CPA

GINILU VANDERWALL, CPA

KRISTI WEAVER CPA

Board of Trustees
Tulare Joint Union High School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tulare Joint Union High School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tulare Joint Union High School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements:
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's pension contributions and schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 1–11 and 53–56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tulare Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other required supplementary schedules as other supplementary information as required by the State's audit guide, 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other required supplementary schedules as supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other required supplementary schedules as supplementary information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the combining statements presented as other information on pages 57 through 66. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2023, on our consideration of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

M Muein and Company LLP Visalia, California

January 30, 2023



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:	-	Sovernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	_	Total
Cash in County Treasury	\$	61,851,859	\$	76,320	\$	61,928,179
Cash on Hand and in Banks	Ψ	7,826	Ψ	70,020	Ψ	7,826
Cash in Revolving Fund		15,000		_		15,000
Accounts Receivable		8,630,675		40,171		8,670,846
Internal Balances		1,281		(1,281)		-
Stores Inventories		427,884		- (. , ,		427,884
Other Current Assets		-		64,781		64,781
Capital Assets:						•
Land		6,087,356		951		6,088,307
Land Improvements, Net		2,854,717		-		2,854,717
Buildings, Net		73,773,257		17,640		73,790,897
Equipment, Net		3,087,059		39,177		3,126,236
Livestock, Net		-		7,362		7,362
Work in Progress		865,294		-		865,294
Total Assets		157,602,208		245,121		157,847,329
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		20,667,102		-		20,667,102
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		1,468,654		-		1,468,654
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		22,135,756		-		22,135,756
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable		12,630,929		61,319		12,692,248
Unearned Revenue		1,260,586		-		1,260,586
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability		43,469,097				43,469,097
Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		14,944,390		-		14,944,390
Due within one year		5,519,322		-		5,519,322
Due in more than one year		38,194,941		- 01.010		38,194,941
Total Liabilities		116,019,265		61,319		116,080,584
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						/
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		32,440,992		-		32,440,992
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		3,873,552				3,873,552
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		36,314,544		-		36,314,544
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		71,473,030		65,130		71,538,160
Restricted For:						
Capital Projects		16,599,615		-		16,599,615
Scholarships		620,380		-		620,380
Legally Restricted Programs		6,533,141		-		6,533,141
Specific Programs		3,552,452		-		3,552,452
Insurance		3,332,938		-		3,332,938
Unrestricted	. —	(74,707,401)		118,672		(74,588,729)
Total Net Position	\$	27,404,155	\$	183,802	\$_	27,587,957

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program Revenues				
			-	Operating			Capital	
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	_	Contributions	_(Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$	50,146,670	\$	31,241	\$	15,316,274	\$	(196)
Instruction-Related Services		7,820,215		161		3,548,843		-
Pupil Services		12,861,256		32,311		4,161,305		-
Ancillary Services		3,197,353		-		981,848		-
Enterprise		1,142		750		(562)		-
General Administration		6,631,159		5,491		921,414		-
Plant Services		12,361,202		224,716		889,266		-
Other Outgo		1,221,524		680,572		(207,936)		· -
Interest on Long-Term Obligations		2,406,950		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	_	96,647,471	-	975,242	-	25,610,452		(196)
Business-type Activities:								
Enterprising Activities		709,603	_	630,071	_	18,788	_	-
Total Business-type Activities		709,603	_	630,071	_	18,788		-
Total Primary Government	\$	97,357,074	\$_	1,605,313	\$_	25,629,240	\$ ₌	(196)

General Revenues:

LCFF Sources

Federal Revenues

State Revenues

Local Revenues

Loss on Disposal of Assets

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

-	Governmental Activities	-	Business-type Activities	_	Total
\$	(34,799,351) (4,271,211) (8,667,640) (2,215,505) (954) (5,704,254) (11,247,220) (748,888) (2,406,950) (70,061,973)			\$	(34,799,351) (4,271,211) (8,667,640) (2,215,505) (954) (5,704,254) (11,247,220) (748,888) (2,406,950) (70,061,973)
	-	\$_	(60,744)		(60,744)
	(70,061,973)	_	(60,744) (60,744)	-	(60,744) (70,122,717)
•	(10,001,010)	_	(00,711)	-	(10,122,111)
	74,400,338		-		74,400,338
	883		•		883
	1,021,656		-		1,021,656
	5,439,628		22,166		5,461,794
	-		(203,348)		(203,348)
	(60,000)		60,000	_	-
	80,802,505		(121,182)	_	80,681,323
	10,740,532		(181,926)		10,558,606
	16,663,623	_	365,728		17,029,351
\$	27,404,155	\$_	183,802	\$_	27,587,957

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

ACCETO	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay			
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$ 32,296,693 2,324 15,000 6,854,672 151,973 258,022 \$ 39,578,684	\$ 	8,728,107 - - - 7,000,000 - 15,728,107		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 12,080,809 7,017,674 1,220,086 20,318,569	\$	426,502 - - - 426,502		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Revolving Cash Stores Inventories Restricted Fund Balances Unassigned: Reserve for Economic Uncertainty Other Unassigned Total Fund Balance	15,000 258,022 6,533,141 2,738,961 9,714,991 19,260,115		- 15,301,605 - - 15,301,605		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$39,578,684_	\$	15,728,107		

	Bond Interest		Other		Total
8	& Redemption	Governmental		Governmental	
	Fund #1		Funds		Funds
		_		_	
\$	13,521,813	\$	5,027,244	\$	59,573,857
	-		5,502		7,826
	-				15,000
	-		711,282		7,565,954
	•		17,674		7,169,647
	_		49,693		307,715
\$	13,521,813	\$	5,811,395	\$_	74,639,999
_		=			
\$	•	\$	123,618	\$	12,630,929
	-		126,742		7,144,416
	-		40,500		1,260,586
	-	-	290,860	_	21,035,931
		_			
	-		-		15,000
	-		49,693		307,715
	13,521,813		5,470,842		40,827,401
	-		-		2,738,961
	-		-		9,714,991
	13,521,813	-	5,520,535	_	53,604,068
		_		_	
\$	13,521,813	\$	5,811,395	\$_	74,639,999

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet

53,604,068

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Capital assets 161,691,717
Accumulated depreciation (75,024,034)

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 20,667,102

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 1,468,654

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period from current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable and accreted interest (42,929,590)
Compensated absences (431,678)
Net pension liability (43,469,097)
Total other postemployment benefit liability (14,944,390)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (32,440,992)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (3,873,552)
Premiums are amortized over the life of the debt (352,995)

The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.

3,438,942

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position

\$ 27,404,155

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay
Revenues:		
LCFF Sources:		
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$ 34,804,115	\$ -
Education Protection Account Funds	26,016,103	-
Local Sources	13,580,121	-
Federal Revenue	10,093,045	-
Other State Revenue	9,816,318	-
Other Local Revenue	2,876,696	(239,038)
Total Revenues	97,186,398	(239,038)
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction	49,672,613	-
Instruction - Related Services	7,644,607	-
Pupil Services	10,648,288	-
Ancillary Services	2,601,137	-
Enterprise	5,717	-
General Administration	6,753,046	-
Plant Services	12,121,335	278,766
Other Outgo	1,221,524	-
Capital Outlay	608,763	784,404
Debt Service:		
Principal	21,672	-
Total Expenditures	91,298,702	1,063,170
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,887,696	(1,302,208)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		7 000 000
Transfers In	-	7,000,000
Transfers Out	(7,193,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,193,000)	7,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,305,304)	5,697,792
Fund Balance, July 1	20,565,419	9,603,813
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ <u>19,260,115</u>	\$ <u>15,301,605</u>

_	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund #1	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	- -	\$ - - -	\$ 34,804,115 26,016,103 13,580,121	
	- -	3,557,848	13,650,893	
	28,340	3,434,561	13,279,219	
_	4,818,990	1,847,420	9,304,068	
_	4,847,330	8,839,829	110,634,519	
	-	1,895,683	51,568,296	
	-	952,586	8,597,193	
	-	2,848,458	13,496,746	
	-	802,022	3,403,159	
	-	-	5,717	
	-	86,695	6,839,741	
	-	211,701	12,611,802	
	-	- 105,203	1,221,524 1,498,370	
_	5,185,000	-	5,206,672	
-	5,185,000	6,902,348	104,449,220	
_	(337,670)	1,937,481	6,185,299	
	-	133,000	7,133,000	
	-	-	(7,193,000)	
_	_	133,000	(60,000)	
	(337,670)	2,070,481	6,125,299	
	13,859,483	3,450,054	47,478,769	
\$ ₌	13,521,813	\$5,520,535_	\$53,604,068	

10,740,532

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 6,125,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the asset:	
Expenditures for capital outlay	1,557,925
Depreciation expense	(4,254,228)
Disposal of capital assets is not reported in the funds	(5,376)
Certain expenditures in the funds are not reported as expenses in the SOA:	
Repayment of bonds payable and accreted interest	5,185,000
Repayment of financed purchases	21,338
Expenses reported in the SOA that do not require the use of current financial resources are not	
reported as expenditures in the funds:	
Accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds	(2,406,616)
Compensated absences	(15,521)
Premiums, discounts, and deferred amount on refunding are recognized as a part of long-term debt transactions in the year of issuance by governmental funds. However, these costs are deferred and amortized in the SOA:	
Amortization of premiums	54,322
The net change in the net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are reported as pension expense in the SOA. Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the	
funds.	4,761,922
The net change in the total other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are reported as OPEB expense in the SOA. OPEB contributions are reported	
as expenditures in the funds.	(348,274)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	64,741

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS: Current Assets: Cash in County Treasury	School Farm Fund \$ 76,320	Internal Service Funds \$ 2,278,003
Accounts Receivable	40,171	1,064,720
Store Inventories	-	120,169
Other Current Assets	64,781	-
Total Current Assets	181,272	3,462,892
Noncurrent Assets: Fixed Assets-		
Land	951	-
Buildings	182,177	-
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings	(164,537)	•
Equipment	93,414	-
Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment Livestock	(54,237)	-
Accumulated Depreciation - Livestock	9,610	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>(2,248)</u> 65,130	-
Total Assets	246,402	3,462,892
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	61,319	-
Due to Other Funds	1,281	23,950
Total Current Liabilities	62,600	23,950
NET POSITION:		
Net Investments in Capital Assets	65,130	
Restricted for Insurance	-	3,332,938
Unrestricted	118,672	106,004
Total Net Position	\$183,802	\$ 3,438,942

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	School Farm Fund			Internal Service Funds
State Revenue	\$	495	\$	
Local Revenue	φ 672,		Ψ	10,628,692
Total Revenues	673,			10,628,692
Operating Expenses:				
Certificated Personnel Salaries	1	800		
Classified Personnel Salaries		733		-
Employee Benefits	·	176		-
Books and Supplies	382.			65,113
Services and Other Operating Expenses	113,			10,418,746
Depreciation	91,			10,410,740
Total Expenses	709,6			10,483,859
Operating Income (Loss)	(36,2	239)		144,833
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income	4	443		17,521
Unrealized Loss	(2,7	782)		(97,614)
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(203,3	•		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(205,6			(80,093)
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(241,9	926)		64,740
Interfund Transfers In Change in Net Position	60,0 (181,9			64,740
Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	365,7 \$183,8		\$	3,374,202 3,438,942

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	School Farm Fund	Internal Service Funds
Cash Received from Customers	Ф соолсо	•
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 602,163	\$ -
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	- (400 700)	9,610,164
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(122,709)	-
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	(458,364)	(67,216)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	(10,432,147)
Net dash Fronded (Osed) by Operating Activities	21,090	(889,199)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Transfers From Other Funds	60,000	
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities	60,000	
that each it is not by their capital i maileting fictivities	60,000	**
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Acquisitions of Livestock	(80,910)	-
Proceeds from Sale of Livestock	26,514	<u>-</u>
Interest Income	443	17,521
Unrealized Loss	(2,782)	(97,614)
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities	(56,735)	(80,093)
No.		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,355	(969,292)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	51,965	3,247,295
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	\$ 2,278,003
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (36,239)	\$ 144,833
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Depreciation	91,353	-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	95	(1,035,213)
Decrease in Inventories	-	16,685
Increase in Retains	(4,949)	-
Increase in Accounts Payable	37,177	-
Decrease in Interfund Payables	(66,347)	(15,504)
Total Adjustments	57,329	(1,034,032)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$\$	\$(889,199)
-		- (555,100)

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_Agency Fund
	Warrant/ Pass-through Fund
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Total Assets	\$ 8
LIABILITIES: Total Liabilities	
NET POSITION: Restricted for Other Purposes Total Net Position	\$ <u>8</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Tulare Joint Union High School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

Financial Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Tulare Joint Union High School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are, therefore, not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes.

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund #1 is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and repayment of the General Obligation Bonds, interest and related costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The following special revenue funds are utilized by the District:

The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for local revenues that are restricted for student body activity and is used only for those expenditures as necessary for the operation of the schools' student bodies.

The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for federal, state and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is used only for those expenditures as necessary for the operation of the District's adult education program.

The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for federal, state and local resources to operate the food service program and is to be used only for those expenditures as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program.

The Scholarship Trust Fund exists primarily to account separately for money received from gifts or bequests to be used for student scholarships. This is not a budgeted fund.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of all major governmental general fixed assets. The following capital project funds are utilized by the District:

The Capital Facilities Fund (Developer Fees) is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The County School Facilities Fund – New Construction is used to receive apportionments from the State School Facilities Fund authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction projects and facility hardship grants.

The County School Facilities Fund – Modernization is used to receive apportionments from the State School Facilities Fund authorized by the State Allocation Board for the modernization of the District.

In addition, the District reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The following enterprise fund is utilized by the District:

The School Farm Fund is used to account for the school farm's facility and activity.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The following internal service funds are utilized by the District:

The Warehouse Revolving Fund is used to maintain budget control and stock accounting of merchandise for a District's use and is reimbursed from various funds of the District for amounts consumed by these user funds.

The Self-Insurance Property/Liability Fund is used to account for District self-insured property and liability insurance benefits. The General Fund transfers the premiums for this coverage to the Self-Insurance Fund.

The Self-Insurance Health & Welfare Fund is used to account for District self-insured health, vision, dental and hearing benefits for its employees. The General Fund transfers the premiums for this coverage and health insurance to the Self-Insurance Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held for others in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments. The following agency fund is utilized by the District:

Tulare Area Schools Health JPA Fund (Warrant/Pass-through Fund)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 45 or 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal yearend: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital and leased asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and function and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are fully insured or collateralized. Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County pools these funds with those of other districts in the County and invests the cash. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). Interest earned is deposited quarterly into the participating funds. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with the Tulare County Treasury was not available for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Land Improvements	8-25
Buildings and Improvements	15-40
Vehicles	10
Office Furniture and Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	5
Livestock	5
Buses	9
Miscellaneous property not	
listed above	10

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities, when applicable. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan and additions to/deductions from the CalSTRS and CalPERS Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalSTRS Financial Office and CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as stores inventories and revolving cash) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal board action must be taken on or before June 30th of each fiscal year. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. The committed amount subject to the constraint may be determined after June 30th. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted fund balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the General Fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District adopted a minimum fund balance policy to maintain assigned and unassigned fund balances at an amount the Board deems sufficient to maintain fiscal solvency and stability and to protect the District against unforeseen circumstances.

Net Position

Net position represents assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. Net position, net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The counties of Tulare and Kings bill and collect the taxes for the District.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - Compliance and Accountability

Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None reported	Not applicable

Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Non-Major Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
None reported	Not applicable	Not applicable

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments

Cash in County Treasury

The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Tulare County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District's cash in County Treasury was not subject to credit risk categorization and is carried at cost which approximates fair value. All pooled funds are regulated by California Government Code.

Cash on Hand, in Banks and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$7,826 as of June 30, 2022) and in the revolving fund (\$15,000) are fully insured or collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (continued)

Analysis of Specific Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements, as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash in County Treasury	\$ 61,928,179
Cash on Hand and in Banks	7,826
Cash in Revolving Fund	15,000
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash in County Treasury	 8
Total	\$ 61,951,013
Cook and investments as of lune 20, 2022, consist of the following:	
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:	
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 61,928,187
	\$ 61,928,187 22,826

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

Education Code Section 41015 authorizes the investment of surplus moneys, not required for the immediate necessities of the District, in any of the investments specified in Section 16430 or 53601 of the Government Code. Additionally, a variety of operational bank accounts are authorized, including but not limited to: Scholarship Accounts, Clearing Accounts and Revolving Cash Accounts. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. The District held no investments at June 30, 2022.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District held no investments at June 30, 2022.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District held no investments at June 30, 2022.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code, which is investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments. The District held no investments at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure governmental agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Internal Service Funds		Total Governmental Activities		terprise Fund
Federal Government:									
Federal Programs	\$	3,721,705	\$	630,542	\$	_	\$	4,352,247	\$ -
State Government:									
Special Education		692,478		-		-		692,478	-
Lottery - Instructional									
Materials		160,389		-		-		160,389	-
Lottery		137,406		-		-		137,406	-
Educator Effectiveness		302,709		-		-		302,709	-
A-G Access/Success		308,532		-		-		308,532	-
A-G Learning Loss Mitigation		132,980		-		-		132,980	-
Other Educational Purposes		147,364		-		-		147,364	-
Adult Education Program		-		9,004		-		9,004	-
Child Nutrition Program		-		34,245		-		34,245	-
Total State Government		1,881,858		43,249		-		1,925,107	-
Other Local		1,251,109		37,491		1,064,720		2,353,320	40,171
Totals	\$	6,854,672	\$	711,282	\$	1,064,720	\$	8,630,674	\$ 40,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases		ssifications/ creases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	6,087,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,087,356
Work in progress		51,050		851,713		(37,469)		865,294
Total capital assets not being depreciated		6,138,406		851,713		(37,469)		6,952,650
Carital accepts hairs adams sixted.								
Capital assets being depreciated:		12 450 525		116.074				12 567 400
Land improvements		13,450,525		116,974		-		13,567,499
Buildings and Improvements		130,910,016		89,978		- (05.340)		130,999,994
Equipment		9,767,663 154,128,204		499,260 706,212		(95,349)		10,171,574
Total capital assets being depreciated		154, 120,204		700,212		(95,349)		154,739,067
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements		(40.204.622)		(410.150)				(40.740.700)
•		(10,294,632)		(418,150)		-		(10,712,782)
Buildings and Improvements		(53,981,664)		(3,245,073)		-		(57,226,737)
Equipment		(6,620,952)		(591,005)		127,442		(7,084,515)
Total accumulated depreciation		(70,897,248)		(4,254,228)		127,442		(75,024,034)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	83,230,956 89,369,362	\$	(3,548,016) (2,696,303)	\$	32,093 (5,376)	\$	79,715,033 86,667,683
Governmental activities capital assets, her	φ	09,309,302	φ	(2,090,303)	<u>Ф</u>	(5,576)	φ	00,007,003
		Doginaing			Doolog	ssifications/		Ending
		Beginning Balances		Increases		creases		Ending Balances
Business-type activities:		Dalalices		IIICICases		Cleases		Dalarices
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	951	\$	_	\$	_	\$	951
Total capital assets not being depreciated		951	<u> </u>	_		_	<u> </u>	951
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		182,177		-		-		182,177
Equipment		93,414		-		-		93,414
Livestock		310,070		80,910		(381,370)		9,610
Total capital assets being depreciated		585,661		80,910		(381,370)		285,201
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(155,718)		(8,819)		-		(164,537)
Equipment		(49,221)		(5,016)		454.500		(54,237)
Livestock		(76,238)		(77,518)		151,508		(2,248)
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net		(281,177)		(91,353)		151,508		(221,022)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	304,484 305,435	\$	(10,443)	\$	(229,862)	\$	64,179 65,130
שטוויפסס-ניושב מטנויונופס טמטונמו מסספנס, דופנ	Φ	JUU,4JU	Φ	(10,443)	Ψ	(229,002)	φ	00,100

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,842,118
Pupil Services	258,769
Enterprise	91,353
General Administration	78,624
Plant Services	74,717
Total	\$ 4,345,581

NOTE 6 - Interfund Balances and Activities

Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and from other funds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Due to Fund Due From Fund			Amount	Reason		
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	126,742	Indirect costs		
General Fund	Internal Service Funds		23,950	Temporary loan		
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-School Farm Fund		1,281	Temporary loan		
Special Reserve Fund						
for Capital Outlay	General Fund		7,000,000	Temporary loan		
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		17,674	Temporary loan		
	Total	\$	7,169,647			

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds during the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers From Transfers To		 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay	\$ 7,000,000	Contribution to fund facility master plan
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-School Farm Fund	60,000	Contribution to farm program
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ 133,000 7,193,000	Contribution for Adult Ed Funds

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-Term Debt Obligation Summary

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

								Amounts
	Beginning						Ending	Due Within
	Balances	Increases		Decreases		Balances		One Year
Governmental activities:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 45,707,974	\$	2,406,616	\$	5,185,000	\$	42,929,590	\$ 5,465,000
Bond Premiums	407,317		-		54,322		352,995	54,322
Direct Borrowings:								
Financed Purchase	21,338		-		21,338		-	-
Compensated Absences *	416,157		15,521				431,678	
Total governmental activities	\$ 46,552,786	\$	2,422,137	\$	5,260,660	\$	43,714,263	\$ 5,519,322

^{*}Because of the nature of compensated absences and uncertainty over when vacations will be taken, a statement of debt service requirements to maturity has not been presented.

The funds typically used to liquidate long-term obligations in the past, are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	Governmental	Bond Interest and Redemption Funds
Bond Premiums	Governmental	Bond Interest and Redemption Funds
Compensated Absences	Governmental	General and Cafeteria Funds

General Obligation Bonds

In a bond election held March 2, 2004, the District received authorization to issue bonds for \$45,000,000 pursuant to the provisions Chapter 1, Division 1, Title 1 of the California Education Code. The bonds are general obligations of the District and the county is obligated to annually levy ad valorem taxes for the payment of the interest on, and the principal of the bonds. The bonds were issued in two separate offerings, General Obligation Bond Series A and General Obligation Bond Series B, as described below:

In 2004, General Obligation Bond Series A Capital Appreciation Bonds were issued in the principal amount of \$19,461,178. These bonds shall not bear current interest. Each bond shall accrete in value daily over the term to its maturity, compounded semi-annually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2004. The final maturity date is August 1, 2028. The bond proceeds were used for the new construction and additions to and modernization of school facilities for the District.

In 2005, General Obligation Bond Series B Capital Appreciation Bonds were issued in the principal amount of \$6,949,634. These bonds shall not bear current interest. Each bond shall accrete in value daily over the term to its maturity, compounded semi-annually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2005. The final maturity date is August 1, 2029. The bond proceeds were used for the new construction and additions to and modernization of school facilities for the District.

In government-wide financial statements, premiums are amortized over the term of the related debt which is 24 years commencing in 2004 for Series A Bonds and 25 years commencing in 2005 for Series B Bonds. Amortization of bond premiums for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$54,322. In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums during the current period. Premiums, whether or not added to the actual proceeds, are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Debt Obligations (continued)

The outstanding General Obligation Bond debt of the District as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

					Bonds					Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	(Outstanding	Accreted/			C	Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate %	Issue		July 1, 2021	Issued	F	Redeemed	Ju	ine 30, 2022
2004	08/2028	5.35-5.94	\$ 19,461,178	\$	34,515,629	\$ 1,820,739	\$	4,395,000	\$	31,941,368
2005	08/2029	4.23-5.40	6,949,634		11,192,345	585,877		790,000		10,988,222
Premiun	ns		 1,324,660		407,317	 -		54,322		352,995
Totals			\$ 27,735,472	\$	46,115,291	\$ 2,406,616	\$	5,239,322	\$	43,282,585

The annual requirements to amortize General Obligation Bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Capital Appreciation, 2004 Bonds, Series A

	Accreted Value Una		Jnaccreted	Total Final		Bond		
Year Ending June 30,	0	f Obligation		Interest	Maturity		 Premium	
2023	\$	4,640,000	\$	-	\$	4,640,000	\$ 36,683	
2024		4,619,833		275,167		4,895,000	36,683	
2025		4,599,718		570,282		5,170,000	36,683	
2026		4,560,089		884,911		5,445,000	36,683	
2027		4,535,554		1,214,446		5,750,000	36,683	
2028-2029		8,986,174		3,483,826		12,470,000	42,243	
Totals	\$	31,941,368	\$	6,428,632	\$	38,370,000	\$ 225,658	

Capital Appreciation Bonds are accretive. Bond interest accumulates in the initial years and will be repaid in later years.

Capital Appreciation, 2004 Bonds, Series B

	Accreted Value		Accreted Value		Unaccreted		Total Final		Bond	
Year Ending June 30,	_ 0	f Obligation		Interest	est Maturity		Premium			
2023	\$	825,000	\$	-	\$	825,000	\$	17,639		
2024		824,765		45,235		870,000		17,639		
2025		821,694		93,306		915,000		17,639		
2026		824,277		145,723		970,000		17,639		
2027		819,405		200,595		1,020,000		17,639		
2028-2030		6,873,081		3,066,919		9,940,000		39,142		
Totals	\$	10,988,222	\$	3,551,778	\$	14,540,000	\$	127,337		

Capital Appreciation Bonds are accretive. Bond interest accumulates in the initial years and will be repaid in later years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Debt Obligations (continued)

Total All Bonds

					Bond
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	F	Premium
2023	\$ 5,465,000	\$ -	\$ 5,465,000	\$	54,322
2024	5,444,598	320,402	5,765,000		54,322
2025	5,421,412	663,588	6,085,000		54,322
2026	5,384,366	1,030,634	6,415,000		54,322
2027	5,354,959	1,415,041	6,770,000		54,322
2028-2030	 15,859,255	 6,550,745	 22,410,000		81,385
Totals	\$ 42,929,590	\$ 9,980,410	\$ 52,910,000	\$	352,995

Financed Purchases

In November 2016, the District entered into a financed purchase agreement with US Bank for copier equipment, valued in total at \$197,262. The agreement calls for 60 monthly payments of \$3,600 including interest at 3.63%. The remaining balance of \$21,338 was paid off in March 2022.

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Principal		Interest		Interest		Total		Premium	
2023	\$	5,465,000	\$	-	\$	5,465,000	\$	54,322					
2024		5,444,598		320,402		5,765,000		54,322					
2025		5,421,412		663,588		6,085,000		54,322					
2026		5,384,366		1,030,634		6,415,000		54,322					
2027		5,354,959		1,415,041		6,770,000		54,322					
2028-2031		15,859,255		6,550,745		22,410,000		81,385					
Totals	\$	42,929,590	\$	9,980,410	\$	52,910,000	\$	352,995					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - Fund Balances and Restricted Net Position

Fund balances at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund #1	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:						
Revolving Cash	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000	
Stores Inventories	258,022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	49,693	307,715	
Total Nonspendable	273,022	_	_	49,693	322,715	
Restricted:						
Lottery - Instructional Materials	1,820,884	_	_	_	1,820,884	
Educator Effectiveness	1,490,030	_	_	_	1,490,030	
A-G Access/Success Grant	1,234,132	_	_	_	1,234,132	
A-G Learning Loss Mitigation Grant	531,919	_	_	_	531,919	
ETP Grant	529,197	_	_	_	529,197	
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant	230,024	_	_	_	230,024	
Kitchen Infrastructure and Training Funds	219,324	-	-	-	219,324	
RDA Pass Through	176,899	_	_	_	176,899	
Other Educational Purposes	159,681	_	_	_	159,681	
Medi-Cal Billing Option	83,113	_	_	_	83,113	
Other Restricted Federal	43,731	_	_	_	43,731	
College Readiness Block Grant	12,205				12,205	
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant	12,203	-	-	-	12,203	
Paraprofessional Staff	2,002				2,002	
Capital Projects	2,002	15,301,605	-	- 12,448	15,314,053	
Debt Service	-	15,501,005	13,521,813	12,440		
Adult Education	-	-	13,321,013	1,401,907	13,521,813 1,401,907	
	-	-	-		, ,	
Developer Fees	-	-	-	1,278,758	1,278,758	
Child Nutrition	-	-	-	1,145,089	1,145,089	
Student Activities	-	-	-	1,005,456	1,005,456	
Scholarships	-	-	-	620,380	620,380	
State School Facilities				0.004	0.004	
Projects		45.004.005	40.504.040	6,804	6,804	
Total Restricted	6,533,141	15,301,605	13,521,813	5,470,842	40,827,401	
Unassigned:						
Reserve for Economic						
Uncertainty	2,738,961	_	_	_	2,738,961	
Other Unassigned	9,714,991	_	_	_	9,714,991	
Total Unassigned	12,453,952				12,453,952	
Total Fund Balances		f 15 201 605	¢ 42 524 942	¢ 5 520 525	¢ 52 604 000	
i otal Fund Balances	\$ 19,260,115	\$ 15,301,605	\$ 13,521,813	\$ 5,520,535	\$ 53,604,068	

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$30,638,526 of restricted net position, which is not restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs)

The Tulare Joint Union High School District participates in the following public entity risk pools under joint powers agreements; Central Tulare County School Districts Liability/Property Joint Powers Authority (C.T.C.S.J.P.A.), Self-Insured Schools of California III (S.I.S.C. III), and Tulare County Schools Insurance Group (T.C.S.I.G.). The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that none of the JPAs is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs were established as agencies under the provisions of California Government Code, Title I, Division 7, Chapter 5, Article 1, Section 6500, et. seq. The purpose of each JPA is to provide self-insurance programs as follows:

C.T.C.S.J.P.A. provides liability and property insurance for claims against the participating public educational agency JPA members. These claims are paid through the JPA loss fund.

S.I.S.C. III provides the services necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a medical Self-Insurance Fund that provides for payment of medical, dental, vision and prescription claims of the member public educational agency employees and their covered dependents and to minimize the total cost of annual medical insurance of their respective member organizations.

T.C.S.I.G. is an insurance purchasing pool for workers' compensation insurance.

Membership in the JPAs consists of various public educational agencies.

The JPAs are governed by boards consisting of representatives from the member public educational agencies and related associations. The boards control the operations of each JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member public educational agencies beyond their representation on the board. Each member public educational agency pays a premium based on student population, or number of covered individuals. Surpluses remain in each fund or JPA, while deficits are covered by assessments on the member districts in proportion to their participation in each JPA.

During the last three fiscal (claims) years none of the above programs have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP), a plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund, School Employer Pool (PERF B) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. The benefit terms of the CalSTRS and CalPERS plans may be amended through legislation and Public Employers' Retirement Law, respectively. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites, http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications and http://www.calspers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalSTRS - STRP

CalSTRS - STRP provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the plan provides benefits to members upon disability and to their survivors or beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. STRP has two benefit formulas. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

CalPERS - PERF B

CalPERS - PERF B provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Monthly benefits are based on three factors: Service credit, benefit factor and final compensation. Service credit is based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. The benefit factor which is a percentage of pay to which the member is entitled for each year of service, is determined by their age at retirement and the retirement formula based on their membership date with each employer. CalPERS - PERF B has two school retirement formulas. CalPERS - PERF B 2% at 55 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 55, with a minimum of five years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 50. CalPERS - PERF B 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 52. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	CalS	TRS	CalPERS		
	On or Before	On or After	On or Before	On or After	
Hire Date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service				
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	50-63	55-65	50-63	52-67	
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1% - 2.4%	1.16% - 2.4%	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required Employee Contribution Rates	10.25%	10.205%	7.00%	7.00%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates	16.92%*	16.92%*	22.91%*	22.91%*	
Required State Contribution Rates	10.828%**	10.828%**	-	-	

^{*} Final rate as reduced due to the amendment of Government Code Section 20825.2.

Contributions

CalSTRS - STRP

Required member, District and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Employers and members are required to contribute monthly to the system a percentage of the creditable compensation. Rates are defined in Section 22950.5. Beginning in the fiscal year 2021-22 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specifically to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above and the contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$6,141,176.

CalPERS - PERF B

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS' Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' periodic actuarial valuation process or by state statute. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above and the contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$2,661,164.

^{**} This rate does not include the \$72 million reduction in accordance with Education Code Section 22954(c).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

On Behalf Payments

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. The State contributed the required 10.828% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS from two fiscal years prior. The amount contributed by the State on behalf of the District was \$3,744,740 and is reported as both revenue and an expenditure in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue and expense is recognized for the State's on behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$411,990. These on behalf payments meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

California Senate Bill (SB) 90, signed into law in June 2019, appropriated additional contributions on behalf of school employers. Among other provisions, SB 90 appropriated \$2.246 billion to CalSTRS and \$904 million to CalPERS in 2018-19 to be allocated to future years to reduce the employer contribution rate. Additionally, SB 90 appropriated an amount of \$2.9 billion from Proposition 2 debt payment funding for CalSTRS, to be appropriated over the fiscal years 2019-20 through 2022-23. Additionally, passage of California Assembly Bill (AB) 84 revised certain provisions enacted by SB90. AB 84 did not provide new supplemental contributions, rather, it repurposed SB90 contributions that was originally intended to reduce employers long-term liabilities, by further supplanting employer contributions through fiscal year 2021-22.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities that reflected a reduction for state support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liabilities that was associated with the District were as follows:

	CalSTRS		CalPERS		l otals
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	29,572,464	\$ 13,896,633	\$	43,469,097
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
associated with the District		14,880,024	 _		14,880,024
Total net pension liability	\$	44,452,488	\$ 13,896,633	\$	58,349,121

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liabilities was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. A comparison of the District's proportionate share at measurement date of June 30, 2021 to its proportionate share at measurement date of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Proportionate share at June 30, 2021	0.06498%	0.06834%
Proportionate share at June 30, 2020	0.06210%	0.06756%
Change - increase	0.00288%	0.00078%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$707,668 and revenue of \$3,744,740 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	382,091	\$	3,073,046
Changes of assumptions		4,190,103		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		28,725,690
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,292,568		642,256
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,802,340		
Totals	\$	20,667,102	\$	32,440,992

\$8,802,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense, as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Per	nsion Expense
2023	\$	(4,191,154)
2024		(3,753,978)
2025		(5,924,136)
2026		(7,294,369)
2027		623,622
Thereafter		(36,215)
Total	\$	(20,576,230)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Meth	od for both CalSTRS & CalPERS
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation Rate	2.75%	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.50%	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Serv	ice for both CalSTRS & CalPERS
Experience Study	7/1/2015-6/30/2018	7/1/1996-6/30/2015
Investment Rate of Return	7.10% *	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	2.00% per year on a Simple	2.00% until Purchasing Power
	basis and an 85% Purchasing	Protection Allowance Floor on
	Power Level	Purchasing Power applies,
		2.50% thereafter

^{*} Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation, but gross of administrative expenses

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

Mortality Assumptions

CalSTRS' mortality assumptions are based on the July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018 experience study. CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. CalPERS uses mortality tables developed based on CalPERS specific data for all funds. The mortality table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries 90 percent of scale MP 2016.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

CalSTRS and CalPERS use the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments. It was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plans. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years.

CalSTRS' actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the table below.

CalPERS utilized historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes to determine the expected compounded (geometric) returns over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using the building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The tables below reflect long-term expected real rates of return by asset class, as follows:

	Cal	STRS	CalPERS						
		Long-term *		Real	(1)	Real	(2)		
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real	Assumed Asset	Return		Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Years 1-10	_	Years 11+	_		
Public Equity	42%	4.80%	50%	4.80%		5.98%	6		
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%	28%	1.00%		2.62%	6		
Private Equity	13%	6.30%	8%	6.30%		7.23%	6		
Real Estate	15%	3.60%	13%	3.75%		4.93%	6		
Inflation Sensitive Assets	6%	3.30%	0%	0.77%		1.81%	6		
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%	1%	0.00%		-0.92%	6		
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%	0%	0.00%		0.00%	6		

- * 20-year geometric average
- (1) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period
- (2) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

Discount Rate

CalSTRS' discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the CalSTRS-STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

CalPERS' discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		CalPERS			
1% Decrease		6.10%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	60,198,942	\$	23,431,675	
Current Discount Rate		7.10%		7.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	29,572,464	\$	13,896,633	
1% Increase		8.10%		8.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,153,063	\$	5,980,503	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports on their respective websites.

Summary of Changes of Benefits or Assumptions

There were no changes to benefit terms and plan provisions or actuarial assumptions that applied to members of CalSTRS or CalPERS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The District provides a self-funded, single employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by Tulare Joint Union High School District to provide medical and prescription drug benefits for all eligible active and retired District employees and their spouses. Dental and vision benefits are also offered through SISC but are not District-paid for retirees. Authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the plan may be amended by the District. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

As established by board policy, the plan covers all employees hired prior to July 1, 2014 who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of continuous service. Benefits are paid for all eligible certificated, classified and management employees for a maximum of five years. Retirees may remain on the group plans at their own expense after District paid coverage is exhausted. The District is a member in a joint powers agreement (JPA), the Self-Insured Schools of California (S.I.S.C. III) as described in Note 9, to provide this health coverage.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	45
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Participating active employees	294
Total number of participants	339

Contributions

The District funds the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District's monthly contributions are capped at varying rates based on classifications and plan options. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District paid \$524,030 for retiree insurance premiums.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The District's total OPEB liability of \$14,944,390 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement date of June 30, 2022. Changes in total OPEB liability are as follows:

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	Total OPEB Liability				
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	16,174,612			
Changes recognized for measurement period:					
Service cost		806,187			
Interest		351,907			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,816,847)			
Benefit payments *		(571,469)			
Net changes		(1,230,222)			
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	14,944,390			

^{*}Amount includes implicit subsidy associate with benefits paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$919,741. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Defe of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	577,477	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		891,177 <u>-</u>		3,873,552
Totals	\$	1,468,654	\$	3,873,552

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense, as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	(OPEB Expense
2023	\$	(238,353)
2024		(238,353)
2025		(238,353)
2026		(238,353)
2027		(238,352)
Thereafter		(1,213,134)
Total	\$	(2,404,898)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Return/Discount Rate (1)	3.54%
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Projected Salary Increase	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.00%

(1) The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on results of CalPERS 2017 and CalSTRS 2020 Retirement and Turnover Tables. CalSTRS and CalPERS periodically study the experience for participating agencies and establish tables that are appropriate for each pool.

Mortality rates for Classified employees were based on the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees tables created by CalPERS. Mortality rates for Certificated employees were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality table created by CalSTRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current							
	1º 	1% Decrease 2.54%		iscount Rate 3.54%	1% Increase 4.54%			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	16,294,864	\$	14,944,390	\$	13,986,955		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			I	Current Healthcare				
			(Cost Trend				
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1	1% Increase		
		3.00%		4.00%		5.00%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	13,119,304	\$	14,944,390	\$	17,001,406		

Summary of Changes of Benefits or Assumptions

As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the discount rate increased from 2.16% to 3.54%, inflation rate, projected salary increase rate, and the healthcare cost trend rates remained the same.

There were no changes to benefit terms used for the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

NOTE 12 - Supplemental Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The District has provided, effective July 1, 2014, a defined contribution plan (Plan) with Phase II Systems, dba Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The Plan is administered by U.S. Bank National Association. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time, defined as 20 or more hours per week, certificated or certificated management employees hired on or after July 1, 2014 and all full-time, defined as six or more hours per day, classified, classified management, or confidential employees hired on or after July 1, 2014. Each employee shall be 100% vested in his or her employer contribution account upon attainment of at least age 55, completion of at least 15 years of service, and concurrent retirement from CalSTRS or CalPERS. If the employee does not meet the above vesting requirements, the account shall be forfeited. The benefit terms of the plan may be amended by the District. At the discretion of the District any amount forfeited shall be utilized to offset future District contributions or to pay plan administrative fees.

Funding Policy

For each plan year that an employee completes a year of service under the Plan, the District shall make a contribution to the Plan in the amount of \$3,000 annually for the employee's first 20 years of service with the District. No employee contributions shall be permitted under this Plan until such time, if any, the District amends the Plan to provide employee contributions. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements for the Plan, are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. The District recognized a net pension expense of \$678,000 at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under the terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

Mission Oak High School Aquatics Complex/CTE Building

The District has entered into several agreements related to the construction of the Mission Oak High School Aquatics Complex/CTE Building. The estimated cost of this project is expected to be approximately \$21,400,000 and is expected to be completed in 2024.

Required Supplementary	nformation
Required supplementary information includes financial information a Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic f	and disclosures required by the Governmental inancial statements.
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EXHIBIT B-1

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues:	-	Budgete Original	d Aı	mounts Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment or State Aid Education Protection Account Funds Local Sources Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$	50,468,761 6,405,019 12,102,839 5,024,737 8,861,120 3,056,420 85,918,896	\$	34,804,115 26,016,103 13,580,121 13,553,897 12,669,834 4,019,138 104,643,208	\$	34,804,115 26,016,103 13,580,121 10,093,045 9,816,318 2,876,696 97,186,398	\$	(3,460,852) (2,853,516) (1,142,442) (7,456,810)
Expenditures: Current: Certificated Salaries Classified Salaries Employee Benefits Books And Supplies Services And Other Operating Expenditures Other Outgo Direct Support/Indirect Costs Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Total Expenditures		35,135,928 11,289,152 23,315,529 5,447,111 6,606,110 1,012,940 (97,500) 406,600 55,000 83,170,870	-	39,806,751 13,086,978 25,839,930 7,536,433 9,547,816 1,240,000 (97,500) 625,470 21,700 97,607,578		36,721,959 12,765,902 24,445,721 6,173,308 9,426,548 1,221,524 (86,695) 608,763 21,672 91,298,702	-	3,084,792 321,076 1,394,209 1,363,125 121,268 18,476 (10,805) 16,707 28 6,308,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	2,748,026	_	7,035,630	_	5,887,696	-	(1,147,934)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(3,133,000) (3,133,000)	-	(7,193,000) (7,193,000)	_	(7,193,000) (7,193,000)	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(384,974)		(157,370)		(1,305,304)		(1,147,934)
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$_	20,565,419 20,180,445	\$_	20,565,419 20,408,049	\$_	20,565,419 19,260,115	\$_	(1,147,934)

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

					_	State's				District's	DI 5:1 :
		D:		D:		Proportionate		-		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
		District's	ъ.	District's		are of the Net	ъ.	Total		Share of the Net	Net Position as
-		Proportion of		oportionate		nsion Liability		oportionate		Pension Liability	a Percentage
Fiscal	Measurement	the Net Pension		are of the Net		sociated with		are of the Net	Covered	as a Percentage of	of Total Pension
Year End	Date	Liability	Per	nsion Liability		the District	Pei	nsion Liability	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
California State	Teachers' Retiremen	t System:									
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	0.05024%	\$	29,355,225	\$	17,726,131	\$	47,081,356	\$ 22,372,291	131.21%	76.52%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	0.05156%	\$	34,706,398	\$	18,355,811	\$	53,062,209	\$ 24,074,234	144.16%	74.02%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	0.05327%	\$	43,086,447	\$	24,531,955	\$	67,618,402	\$ 26,535,489	162.37%	70.04%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	0.05335%	\$	49,338,218	\$	29,188,310	\$	78,526,528	\$ 28,694,911	171.94%	69.46%
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	0.05510%	\$	50,639,662	\$	28,993,716	\$	79,633,378	\$ 30,281,836	167.23%	70.99%
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	0.05653%	\$	51,052,713	\$	27,852,887	\$	78,905,600	\$ 31,181,701	163.73%	72.56%
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	0.06210%	\$	60,183,171	\$	31,024,178	\$	91,207,349	\$ 33,196,936	181.29%	71.82%
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	0.06498%	\$	29,572,464	\$	14,880,024	\$	44,452,488	\$ 33,377,015	88.60%	87.21%
California Public	Employees' Retirem	ent Svstem:									
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	0.05858%	\$	6,649,917	\$	-	\$	6,649,917	\$ 6,194,302	107.36%	83.38%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	0.06080%	\$	8,961,982	\$	-	\$	8,961,982	\$ 6,715,912	133.44%	79.43%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	0.05990%	\$	11.830.287	\$	_	\$	11.830.287	\$ 7,178,442	164.80%	73.90%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	0.06458%	\$	15,416,950	\$	-	\$	15,416,950	\$ 8,253,694	186.79%	71.87%
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	0.06701%	\$	17,866,977	\$	_	\$	17,866,977	\$ 8,872,030	201.39%	70.85%
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	0.06630%	\$	19,321,706	\$	-	\$	19,321,706	\$ 8,012,169	241.15%	70.05%
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	0.06756%	\$	20,730,344	\$	_	\$	20,730,344	\$ 7,762,629	267.05%	70.00%
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	0.06834%	\$	13,896,633	\$	-	\$	13,896,633	\$ 10,356,053	134.19%	80.97%
			•	, -,				,			

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. Only eight years are presented because ten year data is not yet available.

Notes to the Schedule

Change of Assumptions

					Projected		Investment
Fiscal	Measurement	Discount		Payroll	Salary		Rate of
Year End	Date	Rate	Inflation	Growth	Increase (1)	Experience Study	Return
California State	Teachers' Retirement S	Svetem:					
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2000-0/30/2010	7.10% (2)
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-6/30/2015	7.10% (2)
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-0/30/2015	7.10% (2)
6/30/2021	6/30/2019	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-0/30/2013	7.10% (2)
							` '
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2015-6/30/2018	7.10% (2)
California Public	: Employees' Retiremer	nt System:					
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	7.50%	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.65% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.65% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.15% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.50%
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
		` '					
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%

- (1) Varies on entry age and service
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses; includes inflation, but gross of administrative expenses
- (3) Excludes reduction of pension plan administrative expenses

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	Fiscal Year End		Statutorily Required contribution	Re Statu	ontribution in elation to the utorily Required ontribution	De	tribution ficiency xcess)		District's Covered Employee Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
_	California Stat	- Too	oboro! Botiro	mont Sw	otom:		_		_	
	California Stat 6/30/2015					ď		\$	24 074 224	8.88%
	6/30/2016	Ф \$	2,137,792 2,847,258	\$ \$	2,137,792 2,847,258	\$ \$	-	Ф \$	24,074,234 26,535,489	10.73%
	6/30/2017	φ	3,609,820	\$ \$	3,609,820	φ \$	-	\$	28,694,911	12.58%
	6/30/2017	Ψ \$	4,369,669	\$	4,369,669	\$	_	\$	30,281,836	14.43%
	6/30/2019	\$	5,076,381	\$	5,076,381	\$	_	\$	31,181,701	16.28%
	6/30/2020	\$	5,676,676	\$	5,676,676	\$	_	\$	33,196,936	17.10%
	6/30/2021	\$	5,390,388	\$	5,390,388	\$	_	\$	33,377,015	16.15%
	6/30/2022	\$		\$	6,141,176	\$	-	\$	36,295,366	16.92%
(California Pub	lic Fm	nplovees' Ret	irement S	Svstem:					
	6/30/2015	\$	790,530	\$	790,530	\$	_	\$	6,715,912	11.771%
	6/30/2016	\$	850,430	\$	850,430	\$	_	\$	7,178,442	11.847%
	6/30/2017	\$	1,146,273	\$	1,146,273	\$	-	\$	8,253,694	13.888%
(6/30/2018	\$	1,377,915	\$	1,377,915	\$	_	\$	8,872,030	15.531%
(6/30/2019	\$	1,447,159	\$	1,447,159	\$	-	\$	8,012,169	18.062%
(6/30/2020	\$	1,530,868	\$	1,530,868	\$	-	\$	7,762,629	19.721%
(6/30/2021	\$	2,143,703	\$	2,143,703	\$	=	\$	10,356,053	20.700%
(6/30/2022	\$	2,661,164	\$	2,661,164	\$	-	\$	11,615,731	22.910%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. Only eight years are presented because ten year data is not yet available.

Notes to the Schedule

Change of Assumptions

					Projected		Investment
Fiscal	Measurement	Discount		Payroll	Salary		Rate of
Year End	Date	Rate	Inflation	Growth	Increase (1)	Experience Study	Return
California State	Teachers' Retirement	System:					
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.60%	3.00%	3.75%	Varies	7/1/2006-6/30/2010	7.60% (2)
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-6/30/2015	7.10% (2)
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-6/30/2015	7.10% (2)
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2010-6/30/2015	7.10% (2)
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2015-6/30/2018	7.10% (2)
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	7.10%	2.75%	3.50%	Varies	7/1/2015-6/30/2018	7.10% (2)
California Public	c Employees' Retireme	nt System:					
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	7.50%	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.65% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.65% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.15% (3)	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.50%
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	7.15% (3)	2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
		` '					

⁽¹⁾ Varies on entry age and service

⁽²⁾ Net of pension plan investment expenses; includes inflation, but gross of administrative expenses

⁽³⁾ Excludes reduction of pension plan administrative expenses

EXHIBIT B-4

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Fiscal Year End	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Jι	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2022
Measurement Date	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2020*	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2022
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$	836,781	\$	862,972	\$	578,044	\$	595,385	\$	806,187
Interest		467,052		477,292		579,470		380,367		351,907
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		(247,117)		908,292		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		(671,306)		1,425,885		(2,304,310)		(1,816,847)
Benefit payments		(998,210)		(954,787)		(754,243)		(793,696)		(571,469)
Adjustments to beginning balance		-		-		369,694		-		-
Net change in total OPEB liability		305,623		(285,829)		1,951,733		(1,213,962)		(1,230,222)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		15,417,047		15,722,670		15,436,841		17,388,574		16,174,612
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	15,722,670	\$	15,436,841	\$	17,388,574	\$	16,174,612	\$	14,944,390

^{*}Covers the two years of elapsed time from the measurement date June 30, 2018 to the measurement date June 30, 2020, and also covers the one-year period from the June 30, 2019 reporting date to the June 30, 2020 reporting date. This was a one-time change concurrent with the change in actuarial firms from one reporting period to the next.

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 39,743,084	\$ 42,045,435	\$ 47,429,298	\$ 45,125,938	\$ 37,652,646
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	39.56%	36.71%	36.66%	35.84%	39.69%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. Only five years are presented because ten year data is not yet available.

Notes to the Schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Change of Assumptions

As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the discount rate increased from 2.16% to 3.54%, inflation rate, projected salary increase rate, and the healthcare cost trend rates remained the same.

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
Cash in County Treasury	\$	3,729,234	\$	1,298,010	\$	E 007 044
Cash on Hand and in Banks	φ	5,502	Φ	1,290,010	Φ	5,027,244
Accounts Receivable		711,282		-		5,502 711,282
Due from Other Funds		17.674		-		17,674
Stores Inventories		49,693		-		49,693
Total Assets	\$	4,513,385	\$	1,298,010	\$	5,811,395
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	123,618 126,742	\$	-	\$	123,618 126,742
Unearned Revenue		40,500		-		40,500
Total Liabilities		290,860		-		290,860
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances:						
Stores Inventories		49,693		-		49,693
Restricted Fund Balances		4,172,832		1,298,010		5,470,842
Total Fund Balance		4,222,525		1,298,010		5,520,535
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,513,385	\$	1,298,010	\$	5,811,395

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues:		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
	Φ.	0.557.040	•			0.557.040
Federal Revenue	\$	3,557,848	\$	-	\$	-,,-
Other State Revenue		3,434,561		-		3,434,561
Other Local Revenue	-	1,210,512	_	636,908		1,847,420
Total Revenues		8,202,921	_	636,908		8,839,829
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction		1,895,683		-		1,895,683
Instruction - Related Services		952,586		-		952,586
Pupil Services		2,848,458		-		2,848,458
Ancillary Services		802,022		-		802,022
General Administration		86,695		-		86,695
Plant Services		210,908		793		211,701
Capital Outlay		15,225		89,978		105,203
Total Expenditures		6,811,577		90,771		6,902,348
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,391,344		546,137		1,937,481
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		133,000		•		133,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		133,000		-	,	133,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,524,344		546,137		2,070,481
Fund Balance, July 1		2,698,181		751,873		3,450,054
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,222,525	\$	1,298,010	\$	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	
ASSETS:	A 4 000 057	ф 1070.7C	
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$ 1,009,257 -	\$ 1,370,761 160	
Accounts Receivable	24,665	119,873	
Due from Other Funds	-	4,974	
Stores Inventories	<u> </u>		_
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,033,922</u>	\$ <u>1,495,768</u>	3
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 28,466 - - - 28,466	\$ 69,979 23,882 - 93,865	2
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Stores Inventories	<u>-</u>	-	
Restricted Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	1,005,456 1,005,456	1,401,907 1,401,907	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$1,033,922_	\$1,495,768	<u>8</u>

EXHIBIT C-3

 Cafeteria Fund	s 	cholarship Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
\$ 728,836 5,342 566,744 12,700 49,693	\$	620,380 - - -	\$ 3,729,234 5,502 711,282 17,674 49,693
\$ 1,363,315	\$	620,380	\$ 4,513,385
\$ 25,173 102,860 40,500 168,533	\$	- - - -	\$ 123,618 126,742 40,500 290,860
 49,693 1,145,089 1,194,782		- 620,380 620,380	 49,693 4,172,832 4,222,525
\$ 1,363,315	\$	620,380	\$ 4,513,385

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund
Revenues:		
Federal Revenue	\$ -	\$ 253,467
Other State Revenue	-	3,245,996
Other Local Revenue	889,856	175,108
Total Revenues	889,856	3,674,571
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction	-	1,895,683
Instruction - Related Services	-	952,586
Pupil Services	•	176,423
Ancillary Services	802,022	-
General Administration	-	-
Plant Services	-	191,411
Capital Outlay	-	15,225
Total Expenditures	802,022	3,231,328
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	87,834	443,243
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers In	-	133,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	133,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	87,834	576,243
Fund Balance, July 1	917,622	825,664
Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,005,456	\$1,401,907

EXHIBIT C-4

 Cafeteria Fund	Scholarship Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$ 3,304,381	\$ -	\$ 3,557,848
188,565	· •	3,434,561
145,548	-	1,210,512
 3,638,494		8,202,921
 2,672,035 - 86,695 19,497 - 2,778,227	- - - - - -	1,895,683 952,586 2,848,458 802,022 86,695 210,908 15,225 6,811,577
 860,267	<u>-</u>	1,391,344
_	-	133,000
 -		133,000
 860,267	-	1,524,344
334,515	620,380	2,698,181
\$ 1,194,782	\$ 620,380	\$ 4,222,525

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Total Assets	Capital Facilities Fund \$ 1,278,758 \$ 1,278,758	County School Facilities Fund New Construction \$ 6,804 \$ 6,804	County School Facilities Fund Modernization \$ 12,448 \$ 12,448	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-1) \$ 1,298,010 \$ 1,298,010
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Total Liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fund Balance: Restricted Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	1,278,758 1,278,758	6,804 6,804	12,448 12,448	1,298,010 1,298,010
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$1,278,758	\$6,804	\$12,448	\$1,298,010

Total

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues:	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund New Construction	County School Facilities Fund Modernization	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
Other Local Revenue	\$ 637,463	\$ (196)	\$ (359)	\$ 636,908
Total Revenues	637,463	(196)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	636,908
Total Nevenues	037,403	(190)	(359)	030,900
Expenditures: Current:				
Plant Services	793	-	-	793
Capital Outlay	89,978	-	-	89,978
Total Expenditures	90,771	-		90,771
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	546,692	(196)	(359)	546,137
Net Change in Fund Balance	546,692	(196)	(359)	546,137
Fund Balance, July 1	732,066	7,000	12,807	751,873
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,278,758	\$ 6,804	\$ 12,448	\$ 1,298,010

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS: Current Assets:	_	Warehouse Revolving Fund	-	Self-Insurance Property/ Liability Fund	-	Self-Insurance Health & Welfare Fund	_	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-7)
Cash in County Treasury	\$	3,669	\$	36,433	\$	2,237,901	\$	2,278,003
Accounts Receivable		6,116	·	1,550	•	1,057,054	*	1,064,720
Store Inventories		120,169		<i>-</i>		_		120,169
Total Current Assets	_	129,954	-	37,983	_	3,294,955	_	3,462,892
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds		23,950		-		-		23,950
Total Current Liabilities	_	23,950	-	•	_	-	_	23,950
NET POSITION:								
Restricted for Insurance		-		37,983		3,294,955		3,332,938
Unrestricted		106,004		-		-		106,004
Total Net Position	\$_	106,004	\$_	37,983	\$_	3,294,955	\$_	3,438,942

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Operating Revenues: Local Revenue Total Revenues	- \$_ -	Warehouse Revolving Fund 57,765 57,765	\$	Self-Insurance Property/ Liability Fund 2,515 2,515	\$	Self Insurance Health & Welfare Fund 10,568,412 10,568,412	- \$_	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-8) 10,628,692 10,628,692
Operating Expenses:								
Books and Supplies		51,712		13,401		_		65,113
Services and Other Operating Expenses		-		21,143		10,397,603		10,418,746
Total Expenses	_	51,712	-	34,544	-	10,397,603	_	10,483,859
Operating Income (Loss):		6,053	-	(32,029)	_	170,809	_	144,833
Nonoperating Revenues:								
Interest Income		64		600		16,857		17,521
Unrealized Loss	_	(135)		(1,725)		(95,754)		(97,614)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		(71)	_	(1,125)	-	(78,897)	_	(80,093)
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers		5,982		(33,154)		91,912		64,740
Change in Net Position		5,982	-	(33,154)	-	91,912	-	64,740
Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	\$_	100,022 106,004	\$_	71,137 37,983	\$_	3,203,043 3,294,955	\$_	3,374,202 3,438,942

TABLE D-1

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

Tulare Joint Union High School District was established on September, 1981. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District consists of three high schools, one continuation high school, one independent study charter high school, one classroom-based charter high school, one adult school and one community day school.

	Governing Board	
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Kelley Nicholson	President	Four year term expires 12/2022
Laura Fonseca	Vice President	Four year term expires 12/2022
Cathy Mederos	Clerk	Four year term expires 12/2024
Craig Hamilton	Member	Four year term expires 12/2022
Tyler Ribeiro	Member	Four year term expires 12/2024
	Administration	
Name	Office	Tenure
Lucy Van Scyoc, Ed.D.	Superintendent	One year
Maria Bueno	Assistant Superintendent - Student Services and Special Programs	One year
Tammy Aldaco	Assistant Superintendent - Human Resources & Business	One year
Kevin A. Covert	Assistant Superintendent - Curriculum, Technology and Assessment	One year
Vivian Hamilton	Business Manager	Thirty years

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Tulare Joint Union High School District

	Second Peri	od Report	Annual F	Report
	Per Report	Per Audit	Per Report	Per Audit
Grades 9-12:				
Regular ADA	5,029.02	5,028.80	4,995.45	4,995.27
Extended Year Special Education	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.15
Community Day School	15.48	15.48	15.74	15.74
Grades 9-12 Totals	5,052.65	5,052.43	5,019.34	5,019.16
ADA Totals	5,052.65	5,052.43	5,019.34	5,019.16
Sierra Vista Charter High School				
	Second Peri	od Report	Annual F	Report
	Per Report	Per Audit	Per Report	Per Audit
Grades 9-12:				
Regular ADA - Non-classroom Based	193.24	193.24	193.55	193.55
ADA Totals	193.24	193.24	193.55	193.55
Accelerated Charter High School				
	Second Peri	od Report	Annual F	Report
	Per Report	Per Audit	Per Report	Per Audit
Grades 9-12:				
Regular ADA - Classroom Based	148.49	148.49	149.05	149.23
ADA Totals	148.49	148.49	149.05	149.23

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ed. Code		Actual Number	
	46207(a)	A -41	of Days	
0	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	0
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Status
Tulare Joint Union	High School District:			
Grade 9	64,800	64,860	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,860	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,860	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,860	180	Complied
Accelerated Charte	r High School			
Grade 9	64,800	64,842	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,842	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,842	180	Complied

This schedule presents information on the amount of the instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 and 47612.

TABLE D-4

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget 2023			
General Fund	(see note 1)	2022	2021	 2020
Revenues and other financial sources	\$	99,980,859	\$ 97,186,398	\$ 89,493,341	\$ 79,370,989
Expenditures		98,661,780	91,298,702	79,247,916	77,737,454
Other uses and transfers out		3,060,000	7,193,000	 7,018,195	 1,050,000
Total outgo		101,721,780	98,491,702	86,266,111	 78,787,454
Change in fund balance (deficit)		(1,740,921)	 (1,305,304)	 3,227,230	 583,535
Ending fund balance	\$	17,519,194	\$ 19,260,115	\$ 20,565,419	\$ 17,338,189
Available reserves (see note 2)	\$	2,673,078	\$ 12,453,952	\$ 14,555,981	\$ 14,514,867
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo		2.6%	12.6%	16.9%	 18.4%
Total long-term debt (see note 3)	\$	96,608,428	\$ 102,127,750	\$ 143,640,913	\$ 136,734,069
Average daily attendance at P-2		5,319	 5,394	 5,459	 5,459

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,921,926 (11.09%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$1,740,921 (9.04%). For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

The District has experienced an operating surplus for two of the past three years and projects a deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has decreased by \$34,606,319 over the past two years mainly due to decreases in NPL and OPEB.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 65 over the past two years. A decrease of 75 ADA is anticipated during the fiscal year 2022-23.

NOTES:

- (1) Budget 2023 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- (2) Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- (3) Long-term debt includes net pension liability and total OPEB liability.

TABLE D-5

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund		Scholarship Trust Fund		Enterprise Fund School Farm Fund	
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance/net position	\$	1,625,836	\$	-	\$	304,888
Adjustments and reclassifications:						
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance/net position:						
Cash in County Treasury under(overstatement)		(620,380)		620,380		-
Accounts Receivable understatement		-		-		27,866
Capital assets overstatement						(148,952)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(620,380)		620,380		(121,086)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance/net position	\$	1,005,456	\$	620,380	\$	183,802

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

TABLE D-6

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The following charter schools are chartered by Tulare Joint Union High School District:

Charter Schools	Charter Number	Included in Audit?		
Sierra Vista Charter High School	1664	Yes		
Accelerated Charter High School	1781	Yes		

TABLE D-7

TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition: School Programs (School Breakfast Needy)	10.553	13526	\$ 911,091
Child Nutrition: School Programs (School Lunch)	10.555	13524	2,147,554
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	13524	285,164
Total CFDA 10.555		.002.	2,432,718
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			3,343,809
Child Nutrition: Child and Adult Care Food Program (Cash Advance)	10.558	13666	121,022
Total Passed Through California Department of Education			3,464,831
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,464,831
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
Direct Program:			
Wildlife Reserve Funds	15.617	N/A	883
Total U.S. Department of Interior			883
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Tulare County Office of Education:			
School Climate Transformation Grant - Local Educational Agency Grants	84.184G	N/A	69,081
Environmental Education Grants	66.951	N/A	363
Special Ed: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,035,310
Total Passed Through Tulare County Office of Education			1,104,754
Passed Through California Department of Education:	04 405D	45500	404
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D 84.425D	15536 15547	121 4,390,722
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	1,300,978
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund:	04.4230	13339	1,300,976
Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	79,992
COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	229,789
COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve,	020	.00.0	220,.00
Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	439,321
COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve,			
Learning Loss	84.425	15621	294,866
Total CFDA 84.425			6,735,789
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	188,134
Adult Education: English Literacy & Civics Education - Local Grant	84.002A	14109	8,624
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ELA	84.002A	14508	56,709
Total CFDA 84.002	04.040	44000	253,467
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income & Neglected	84.010	14329 15438	1,573,399
ESEA (ESSA): School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs Total CFDA 84.010	84.010	13430	28,202 1,601,601
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)			1,001,001
Secondary, Section 131	84.048	14894	195,667
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)	00.0		.00,00.
Adult, Section 132	84.048	14893	120,281
Total CFDA 84.048			195,667
ESEA (ESSA): Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	133,708
ESEA (ESSA): Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	167,907
ESEA (ESSA): Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic			
Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	95,669
Total Passed Through California Department of Education			9,304,089
Total U.S. Department of Education			10,408,843
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 13,874,557

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Tulare Joint Union High School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Note 4 - Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the District had no subrecipients that were provided federal awards.





M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees
Tulare Joint Union High School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tulare Joint Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tulare Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tulare Joint Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Tulare Joint Union High School District in a separate letter dated January 30, 2023.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

M Gueen and Company LLP

Visalia, California January 30, 2023



M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees
Tulare Joint Union High School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tulare Joint Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Tulare Joint Union High School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Tulare Joint Union High School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Tulare Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Tulare Joint Union High School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of audited Tulare Joint Union High School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Tulare Joint Union High School District's federal programs.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Tulare Joint Union High School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Tulare Joint Union High School District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Tulare Joint Union High School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances:
- obtain an understanding of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tulare Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

M Gueen and Company LLP

Visalia, California January 30, 2023



M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP

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Independent Auditors' Report on State Compliance

Board of Trustees Tulare Joint Union High School District

Report on State Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the Tulare Joint Union High School District's (District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In our opinion, Tulare Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Tulare Joint Union High School District's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education
 Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion;
 and
- select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2021-22 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	N/A
Independent Study	N/A
Continuation Education	No (See Below)
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	N/A
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No (See Below)

SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:

California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No (See Below)
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	No
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A
Immunizations	N/A
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunity Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	N/A
In Person Instruction Grant	Yes

CHARTER SCHOOLS:

Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We did not perform testing for continuation education because the ADA was under the level that requires testing.

We did not perform testing for District of Choice since the District did not elect to operate as a district of choice.

We did not perform testing for California Clean Energy Jobs Act since the District did not have expenditures and there was no submission of a final project completion report from this source during the current fiscal year.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with the statutory requirements for programs noted above, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State's audit guide, 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

M Yuein and Company LLP

Visalia, California January 30, 2023



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

1.	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	Χ	_No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes _	Х	_None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	Χ	No
2.	Federal Awards			
	Internal control over major programs:			
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	Χ	_No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes _	Х	_None Reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) of Uniform Guidance?	Yes _	Х	_No
	Identification of major programs:			
	<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> 84.425, 84.425D, 84.425U COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund			
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	Χ	No
3.	State Awards			
	Internal control over state programs:			
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes _	Χ	_No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	Х	_None Reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2022-001

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STATE COMPLIANCE - ATTENDANCE

Criteria

Pursuant to Education Code Section 14503(a), if the LEA is not in compliance with a requirement that is a condition of eligibility for the receipt of State funds, the audit report shall include the number of units of Average Daily Attendance (ADA), if any, that were inappropriately reported for apportionment.

Condition

During our testing, we found two instances in which the teacher attendance report was not certified by the teacher. ADA differences are as follows:

P-2 Attendance Report

Grade span 9 – 12: ADA per report = 5,029.02 ADA per audit = 5,028.80 Difference is (0.22)

Annual Attendance Report

Grade span 9 – 12: ADA per report = 4,995.45 ADA per audit = 4,995.27 Difference is (0.18)

Questioned Costs

Not Applicable

Proper Perspective

The issue is isolated to attendance reporting.

Effect

There is no fiscal impact as the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) uses the greater of total current or prior year ADA.

Cause

This was caused by oversight from the teachers.

Recommendation

We recommend the District establish a process for reviewing teacher certifications to ensure all attendance reports are properly certified.

Corrective Action Plan

The District has established a procedure for teacher certification tracking. At the end of every week, a report will be run verifying all teachers have completed their attendance certifications. Any teacher whose attendance has not been certified will be notified by the District Office and will be required to complete their certifications within two business days.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINDING 2022-002

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STATE COMPLIANCE - ATTENDANCE - CHARTER SCHOOL

<u>Criteria</u>

Pursuant to Education Code Section 14503(a), if the LEA is not in compliance with a requirement that is a condition of eligibility for the receipt of State funds, the audit report shall include the number of units of Average Daily Attendance (ADA), if any, that were inappropriately reported for apportionment. In addition, Education Code Section 46300(a) states, "In computing ADA of a school district, there shall be included the attendance of pupils while engaged in educational activities required of those pupils and under the immediate supervision and control of an employee of the District. ... who possessed a valid certification document, registered as required by law".

Condition

During our testing, we noted that attendance for Accelerated Charter High School was underreported on the annual attendance report due to a clerical miscalculation. ADA differences are as follows:

Annual Attendance Report

Grade span 9 – 12: ADA per report = 149.05 ADA per audit = 149.23 Difference is 0.18

Questioned Costs

Not Applicable

Proper Perspective

The issue is isolated to attendance reporting.

Effect

There is no fiscal impact as the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) uses the greater of total current or prior year ADA.

Cause

The attendance reporting discrepancies were caused by clerical errors.

Recommendation

We recommend that all Average Daily Attendance calculations be reviewed thoroughly before reports are submitted to the State. We further recommend the District revise the Annual attendance report.

Corrective Action Plan

The Average Daily Attendance calculations will be reviewed and verified for accuracy by the Accounting Supervisor before reports are submitted to the State.



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Letter to Management

Board of Trustees
Tulare Joint Union High School District

We have completed our audit of Tulare Joint Union High School District for the year ended June 30, 2022. The followings items came to our attention which we are providing for your consideration:

Cash Clearing

During our review of the cash clearing bank statement and reconciliation, we noted that the account had not been cleared out to a zero balance at year end. Additionally, we noted the reconciled account balance did not agree to the balance stated on the trial balance. We recommend the District bring the cash clearing account to a zero balance at year end to ensure activity in the account is recorded on the general ledger.

Student Body

For one of the four student fundraisers tested, potential revenue did not agree to the amount deposited. There was no explanation for the difference. We recommend the District take necessary action to keep a complete record of fundraising events and all differences be reconciled and explained.

Prior Year Issues

Cash Clearing: During our review of the cash clearing bank statement and reconciliation we noted that the account had not been cleared out to a zero balance at year end. We recommended the District bring the cash clearing account to a zero balance at year end to ensure activity in the account was recorded on the general ledger. This issue was not resolved. Our recommendation has been repeated in the current year.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* Implementation: The District was required to implement GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. We recommended the District become familiar with the new standard and gather and evaluate current leases and contracts in preparation for proper reporting in their June 30, 2022 financial statements. Our recommendation has been implemented.

We would like to thank management and all the office personnel for the excellent cooperation we received during our audit. We look forward to working with you again in 2023 and beyond.

Very truly yours,

M Green and Company LLP

M. GREEN AND COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants

January 30, 2023

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

2019-001

There was insufficient documentation of revenue for four of the seven student body events tested. Adequate documents were not submitted to the district office to track potential revenue and lacked proper approval documentation prior to the fundraiser. Though the District had the forms in place to summarize and track event revenue and approve fundraisers, they were not consistently being completed and/or submitted on a timely basis for review. In addition, for one of the fundraisers being tested, a timely deposit was not made. We recommended the site personnel go through training over cash receipt and deposit procedures to ensure established internal controls were followed by all those handling student body fundraisers.

See current management comment

2020-001

During our testing of attendance of Sierra Vista Charter High School, we noted that on one student the teacher rosters did not agree to the attendance reported on the monthly attendance report. Upon further inquiry, it was found that the monthly attendance report was in fact correct and the teacher rosters were not accurately updated by the teachers. Although there were no changes in overall Annual and P-2 ADA, the signed teacher rosters were not correct. We recommended the District take steps to ensure the information used to prepare the attendance reports is complete and accurate.

Implemented

2021-001

The District did not complete a personnel activity report (PAR) or semiannual certification for eight employees tested. We recommended the District take steps to ensure all PARs and semiannual certifications are completed and retained.

Implemented